

Reading Plus

Answer Key for Lesson 7

Exercise 14

A. Scanning:

1. four
2. seven
3. effect (line 16)
4. the third paragraph
5. the second paragraph

B. Locating Information:

1. 16 million tourists (line 2)
2. Canada and the U.S. (line 1)
3. two falls (line 6)
4. the flow of water (line 10)
5. the third paragraph (the increasing angle of the semi-circle of the Canadian falls)

C. Grammar:

1. Niagara Falls
2. is becoming (line 4)
3. two: “greater” (line 14) and faster: (line 15)
4. Consequently (line 4)
5. the Niagara River (line 18)

D. Vocabulary:

1. destination (line 2)
2. honeymoon (line 4)
3. annually (line 3)
4. significant (line 9)
5. implies (line 7)
6. rapid (line 13)
7. effect (line 16)
8. erosion (line 14)
9. strait (line 19)
10. relatively (line 18)

Exercise 16

A. Scanning:

1. four paragraphs
2. the third paragraph: October 28, 1886 (lines 15-16)

3. four times (lines 9-10, 12, 13, 15)
4. the second paragraph (Paris) and the fourth paragraph (New York)
5. ride (line 18)

B. Locating Information:

1. Liberty Island (line 2)
2. lines 6-7: Frederic Auguste Bartholdi
3. to commemorate the 100th anniversary of U.S. independence from England (line 10)
4. October 28, 1886 (lines 15-16)
5. funds were collected in both France and the United States (lines 12-13)

C. Grammar:

1. three times: “is” (line 1), “is” (line 2), “is” (line 3)
2. active: “was” (line 5) and “made” (line 8); passive: “was made by” (line 6) and “was designed by” (line 7)
3. the collecting of funds (line 12)
4. “might” (line 17)
5. Yes, it would be grammatically correct as long as no comma comes before it. The word “If” is a subordinate conjunction that turns the independent clause “They want to” into a dependent “if” clause “If they want to.” If a complex sentence begins with a dependent “if” clause, a comma is needed. A comma is not needed if the “if” clause comes at the end.

D. Vocabulary:

1. sculptor (line 6)
2. sights (line 3)
3. gift (line 5)
4. inner (line 7)
5. independence (line 10)
6. successful (line 14)
7. transporting (line 12)
8. Liberty (line 9)
9. base (line 11)
10. huge (line 17)

Exercise 18

A. Scanning:

1. sides (line 1)
2. he (line 7)
3. the second and third paragraphs
4. six sentences
5. eight lines

B. Locating Information:

1. Mexico, Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, and Egypt (lines 3-4)
2. the second paragraph
3. He had the first pyramid built for his burial. (lines 7-8)
4. The pyramids of the Americas have flat tops and steps on the side. (lines 16-17)
5. Their isolated location makes it difficult for tourists to travel there. (lines 21-22)

C. Grammar:

1. only one: “were” (line 3)
2. to bury (line 9)
3. to complete (line 13)
4. four comparatives: “larger” (line 17), “fewer” (line 20), “smaller” (line 20), “more difficult” (line 21)
5. one superlative: “The tallest” (line 18)

D. Vocabulary:

1. merge (line 2)
2. structure (line 1)
3. buried (line 8)
4. is composed of (line 12)
5. tomb (line 7)
6. pharaoh (line 6)
7. death (line 8)
8. throughout (line 5)
9. isolated (line 21)
10. native inhabitants (line 15)

Exercise 20

A. Scanning:

1. line 8
2. twice (lines 10 and 12)
3. line 21
4. there are more lines (5) than sentences (4)
5. line 5

B. Locating Information:

1. “the City of Light” (line 2)
2. for fashion (lines 2-3) and education (line 4)
3. the Sorbonne (line 10)
4. many people were against its construction (line 17)
5. the Parisii (line 18)

C. Grammar:

1. once “women are wearing” (line 3)

2. The Sorbonne (line 10)
3. “as well as” (line 13)
4. “must be” (line 14)
5. “; however,” (a semicolon must come before the word “however” and a comma must follow it)

D. Vocabulary:

1. international (line 2)
2. stylish (line 3)
3. dividing (line 7)
4. Bank (line 10)
5. common (line 17)
6. landmark (line 14)
7. cathedral (line 13)
8. proposed (line 16)
9. humble (line 21)
10. considerably (line 21)