Answer Key

Unit 1: Architecture (pages xiv–27)

Preview 1 (page 1)
1. adjacent
2. infrastructure
3. utilized
4. distortion
5. assist

Preview 2 (page 2)
1. c
2. d
3. a
4. e
5. b

Reading Preview (page 3)
1. a
2. a
3. b
4. a
5. c

Comprehension Check (page 12)
1. T
2. F
3. T
4. F
5. T
6. F
7. T
8. F
9. F
10. T
11. F
12. T

Exercise 1: Roots (page 14)
1. instruct
2. construction
3. infrastructure
4. destruction
5. reconstruct

Exercise 2: Suffixes (page 15)
1. achievement
2. assistance
3. distortion
4. inspection
5. creativity
6. transportation
7. variation
8. survival

Exercise 3: Synonyms (page 16)
1. e (Paragraph 4)
2. g (Paragraph 5)
3. c (Paragraph 5)
4. h (Paragraph 6)
5. d (Paragraph 7)
6. b (Paragraph 19)
7. f (Paragraph 20)
8. a (Paragraph 20)
9. i (Paragraph 21)

Exercise 4: Antonyms (page 16)
1. b
2. c
3. a
4. e
5. d
### Exercise 5: Word Families (pages 17–18)

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### Exercise 6: Word Forms (page 19)

1. assistants
2. innovative
3. contrary
4. philosophize
5. prospective
6. founded

### Exercise 7: Context Clues (page 21)

1. a
2. a
3. b
4. d
5. c
Exercise 8: Word Meanings in Context (page 22)
1. c; built in 1922, torn down in 1967
2. a; knew
3. c; wave-movement of earth; terrible shocks
4. b; looked
5. a; property; map
6. b; where it would offer a pleasing view of the waterfall
7. b; did not disguise, on the contrary

Exercise 9: Similar Meanings (page 23)
1. but, yet
2. Though, Although, Even though
3. Nevertheless, However, Still
4. Nevertheless, However, Still
5. Though, Although, Even though

Exercise 10: Verb-Preposition Collocations (page 24)
1. from
2. for
3. to
4. in
5. around
6. b
7. d
8. a
9. e
10. c

Exercise 11: Reading and Speaking (page 25)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 12: Writing (page 26)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 13: Critical Thinking (page 27)
Answers will vary.

Unit 2: Watergate (pages 28–59)

Preview 1 (page 29)
1. analyzing
2. role
3. methodical
4. investigation
5. evaluate

Preview 2 (page 30)
1. e
2. d
3. a
4. b
5. c

Reading Preview (page 31)
1. c
2. b
3. c
4. a
5. d

Comprehension Check (page 46)
1. T
2. F
3. F
4. T
5. F
6. F
7. T
8. T
9. F
10. T

Exercise 1: Prefixes (page 48)
1. a book or document borrowed from another
2. a video game that requires the person playing to interact with the machine or another player
3. a game/match between different colleges
4. a memo between different departments in an organization
5. a meeting between aliens from two different galaxies

Exercise 2: Roots (page 48)
1. b
2. c
3. e
4. a
5. d

Exercise 3: Suffixes (page 49)
1. e
2. c

Exercise 4: Synonyms (page 50)
1. disorder
2. forgo
3. unalike
4. obstacle
5. keep

Exercise 5: Related Words (page 51)
1. R
2. C
3. R
4. C
5. R

Exercise 6: Word Families (pages 52–53)

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Exercise 7: Word Forms
(page 54)
1. motive
2. methodical
3. abandon
4. evaluation
5. institutions

Exercise 8: Words in Context
(page 55)
1. role
2. undertaken
3. administrative
4. acknowledged
5. criteria
6. outcome

Exercise 9: Collocations
(page 56)
1. detailed, careful
2. final, unexpected
3. social, governmental
4. ulterior, selfish

Exercise 10: Word Meanings in Context (pages 57–58)
1. b
2. a
3. b
4. c
5. a

Exercise 11: Writing (page 59)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 12: Reading (page 59)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 13: Critical Thinking
(page 59)
1. The Post had strong sources and kept them confidential.
2. The Post was recognized nationally and internationally; the staff handled this long-term investigative reporting while also reporting on daily events; the staff learned to mobilize its resources.
3. Post reporters (especially younger ones) sought out more “interesting” news and it caused some inconsistent coverage.
4. Possible answers may include the importance of freedom of the press; checks/balances on government (perhaps getting “over-involved” sometimes); importance of reliable sources.

Unit 3: Physical Feats (pages 60–89)

Preview 1 (page 61)
1. attribute
2. attain
3. incline
4. visible
5. route

Preview 2 (page 62)
1. d
2. e
3. b
4. a
5. c
Reading Preview (page 63)
1. a
2. b
3. b
4. c
5. c
6. a

Comprehension Check
(page 76)
1. T
2. F
3. F
4. T
5. T
6. T
7. F
8. T
9. T
10. T

Exercise 1: Prefixes (page 77)
1. copayment
2. coauthor
3. coworker
4. costar
5. copilot
6. coexist
7. cooperate

Exercise 2: Suffixes (pages 78–79)
1. constitutional
2. terminal
3. recreational
4. external
5. skeptical
6. vocational
7. original
8. skeletal
9. geographical
10. normal

Exercise 3: Synonyms (pages 80–81)
1. accompany
2. escort
3. fell
4. collapsed
5. route
6. paths
7. collaborated
8. cooperate
### Exercise 4: Word Families (pages 81–82)

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Exercise 5: Word Forms
(page 83)
1. attainment
2. visibly
3. accompanies
4. maximum
5. cooperation
6. consistently

Exercise 6: Words in Context
(page 84)
1. parameters
2. attributed
3. attained
4. consisting
5. maintain
6. external
7. approximately

Exercise 7: Constructing Sentences
(page 85)
1. It is difficult for people with credit card debt to attain financial freedom.
2. Elementary schools invite parents to accompany their children on field trips. Or, Schools invite parents to accompany their elementary children on field trips.
3. Historians believe it is important to understand why ancient civilizations collapsed.
4. Supervisors prefer to promote employees who exceed expectations.
5. Some businesses maximize profits by reducing their workforce.
6. Be careful of steep inclines on mountain roads.
7. Visibility is poor in heavily polluted cities.

Exercise 8: Reading (pages 86–87)
1. visible
2. attain
3. maintain
4. route
5. collapse
6. attributed
7. approximately

Exercise 9: Writing (page 88)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 10: Critical Thinking
(page 89)
Answers will vary.

Unit 4: To Kill a Mockingbird
(pages 90–115)

Preview 1 (page 91)
1. published
2. classic
3. themes
4. seeks
5. intervenes
6. summary

Preview 2 (page 92)
1. c
2. a
3. e
4. b
5. d

Reading Preview (page 93)
1. b
2. c
3. a
4. a
5. c
6. c
Comprehension Check
(page 102)
1. T
2. T
3. F
4. T
5. F
6. T
7. T
8. T
9. T
10. F
11. F
12. T

Exercise 1: Roots (pages 103–4)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 2: Suffixes (pages 105–6)
1. d
2. e
3. b
4. c
5. f
6. h
7. a
8. i
9. g

1. classic
2. systemic
3. poetic
4. satanic
5. acidic
6. altruistic
7. cubic
8. patriotic
9. meteoric

Exercise 3: Synonyms (page 107)
1. take
2. assistance
3. salesperson
4. article
5. criticism
6. collect
7. interrupt
8. value
9. show

Exercise 4: Analogies (page 108)
1. conform
2. author
3. grant
4. intervene
5. publish
6. conduct
7. seek
Exercise 5: Word Families (pages 109–10)

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Exercise 6: Word Forms (page 111)
1. nonconformist
2. grantor
3. illustrative
4. publication
5. intervention
6. sought

Exercise 7: Words in Context (page 112)
1. implications
2. conform
3. summarize
4. targeted
5. insight
6. illustrated

Exercise 8: Multiple Meanings of a Word/Parts of Speech (page 113)
1. N, V. Clues: The noun follows an adjective with an -ous ending. The verb follows to as an infinite or base form of the verb
2. N, V. Clues: The first word takes an -s ending to make it plural (noun). It also follows the verb, so it is an object, not an action word.
3. N, V. Clues: The first survey functions as a descriptor of Census, another noun. The second survey follows an adverb. Since adverbs have an -ly ending and describe actions, survey is a verb.
4. V, N. Clues: The first target has an -ly adverb ending describing it and follows to, as an infinitive. The second target follows the subject children and the verb are, so it is a noun.

Exercise 9: Reading (page 114)
Answers will vary

Exercise 10: Writing (page 114)
Answers will vary

Exercise 11: Critical Thinking (page 115)
Answers will vary

Unit 5: Global Health (pages 116–45)

Preview 1 (page 117)
1. incidence
2. fluctuations
3. duration
4. emerged
5. dynamic

Preview 2 (page 118)
1. b
2. e
3. a
4. d
5. c

Reading Preview (page 119)
1. c
2. d
3. b
4. c
5. a

Comprehension Check (page 130)
1. T
2. F
3. F
4. T
5. F
6. T
7. T
8. F
9. T
10. F

Exercise 1: Prefixes (pages 131–32)
1. going down or going back
2. the ability to evolve or adapt
3. having the ability to be unaffected by something, e.g., an organism that is resistant to drugs
4. a new growth or outbreak of a disease
5. make something smaller

Possible answers.
1. to appear again: Measles is re-emerging in North America.
2. put in the presence of something dangerous, like a virus, again: Molly got sick again after she was re-exposed to the flu.
3. get sick again after coming into contact with a microbe: Don’t touch your cut with dirty hands; you might re-infect it.
4. happen again: Some diseases can’t recur; you can only get them once.
5. make something again after it has been destroyed or has disappeared: She re-created her childhood bedroom in her new home.
Exercise 2: Roots (pages 133–34)

1. duration
2. endure
3. during
4. durable
5. facility
6. facilitator
7. facile
8. facilitate

Exercise 3: Commonly Confused Words (page 135)

1. affect
2. effect
3. effect
4. affect
5. affect

Exercise 4: Word Families (pages 136–37)

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Exercise 5: Word Forms
(page 138)
1. declining
2. major
3. medicate
4. persist
5. react
6. stressors

Exercise 6: Participial Phrases
(page 139)
Possible answers:
1. a declining population: Areas with a high incidence of AIDS may have a declining population.
2. a receding threat: At one time, polio was a receding threat.
3. industrializing nations: Infectious diseases are a serious threat in industrializing nations.
4. fast-acting antibiotics: Legionnaire’s disease can be successfully treated with fast-acting antibiotics.
5. a re-emerging problem: Whooping cough is a re-emerging problem in some parts of the United States.

Exercise 7: Word Meanings in Context
(page 140)
1. e
2. d
3. a
4. b
5. c

Exercise 8: Examples as Context Clues
(page 141)
1. infectious diseases that are common among children
2. chemicals used to fight microbes
3. actions that have an effect on disease emergence
4. unwanted or unintentional consequences of taking medicine
5. physical indications that a person is sick

Exercise 9: Words with Multiple Meanings (page 142)
1. (transitive verb) to struggle against something, especially to strive to reduce or eliminate
2. (noun) chemical or biological substances that cause an effect
3. (adjective) complicated; difficult to solve
4. (verb) emphasizing
5. (noun) biological material, especially plants, microorganisms, or animal tissue, grown in a nutrient in specially controlled conditions for scientific, medical, or commercial purposes
Answers will vary (dictionary definitions).

Exercise 10: Noun-Preposition Collocations (page 143)
1. incidence of childhood diseases (10)
2. majority of them (cases) (19)
3. reaction to the tuberculin skin test (34)
4. fluctuations in temperature (15)
5. emergence of MDR-TB (20)
6. duration of treatment (22)
Sentences answers will vary.

Exercise 11: Reading (page 144)
Answers will vary.
Exercise 12: Speaking or Writing (page 144)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 13: Critical Thinking (page 145)
Answers will vary.

Unit 6: Conserving Natural Resources (pages 146–76)

Preview 1 (page 147)
1. expansion
2. restore
3. impose
4. precedent
5. funding

Preview 2 (page 148)
1. e
2. a
3. d
4. b
5. c

Reading Preview (page 149)
1. b, in 1916
2. c
3. d
4. a
5. b

Comprehension Check (page 160)
1. T
2. F
3. F
4. F
5. F
6. T
7. T
8. T
9. F
10. T

Exercise 1: Prefixes (page 161)
1. to make larger
2. to give the power to the people, to put the power on
3. to pass a law, to cause it to be made
4. to make a circle around
Other words: embed, embitter, enable, encourage, endanger, enforce, enjoy, entrust

Exercise 2: Prefix Review (page 162)
1. m, p, b
2. l
3. r
4. o

Exercise 3: Roots (page 163)
1. exceed
2. procedure
3. concede
4. recedes
5. antecedent
6. succeeded
7. intercession
8. precedent

Exercise 4: Nouns with Wild (page 164)
1. wildflower
2. wildfire
3. wildlife
4. wildlands
5. wilderness

Exercise 5: Commonly Confused Words (page 165)
1. insure
2. precedes
3. complement
4. ensure
5. complimented
6. proceed
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**Exercise 6: Word Families (pages 166–67)**
Exercise 7: Word Forms (page 168)
1. adequately
2. erosion
3. ranging
4. restoration
5. restraint
6. funding
7. initiative

Exercise 8: Adjective Forms (page 169)
1. a committed relationship
2. an expanding economy
3. an imposing building / statue
4. the preceding step
5. a restored building / statue / relationship
6. a restrained speech

Exercise 9: Words with Multiple Meanings (page 170)
1. b2
2. a3
3. b1
4. a5
5. b1
6. a4

Exercise 10: Word Meanings in Context (pages 171–73)
1. b
2. c
3. d
4. c
5. d
6. a
7. d
8. a
9. a

Exercise 11: Reading (page 174)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 12: Writing (page 174)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 13: Reading and Speaking (page 174)
Answers will vary.

Exercise 14: Critical Thinking (pages 175–76)
Answers will vary.