

Nichols (Ret.)

→ 50c commented she could see no basis for a 6th Amend. ~~claim~~ claim. Best basis would be EIP clause.

BRW wrote Swain

Consider our cases require only that the venire be representative.
(See Taylor v. Louisiana, 419 U.S. 522, 538)

Agree that because of size of venire jury, ~~presented~~ ~~from~~ it cannot be representative of the community.

→ See BRW's question as to a block & striking all whites. PS noted there is no state action where the D ~~is~~ strikes jurors.

In Swain

J. Goldberg's dissent, joined by C.J. Warren & J. Douglas, agreed that it was necessary to show "systematic exclusion" - not on case by case basis. See Swain 380 U.S. 202, 244-245.

(See next page)

Pearson (Asst AG of Ky - a block)

Argue must be systematic exclusion.

→ BRW said Swain would permit a prosecutor ~~to~~ apply if a prosecutor stated at trial that he didn't like blacks & would not want they could be fair. (I would agree with BRW, but her ~~to~~ statement is unrealistic - no prosecutor is likely to make such a statement.)

Wallace (50-10 minutes)

Swain in an EIP case, & is consistent with the jurisprudence of this Court.

Fed Rules of Crim. Procedure allow preemptory challenges.

Answering 50c, Wallace said Swain is consistent with 6th Amend. as well as EIP clause.